

## Appendix 1

This appendix was part of the submitted manuscript and has been peer reviewed. It is posted as supplied by the authors.

Appendix to: Crowe AL, Smith P, Ward L, Currie BJ, Baird R. Decreasing prevalence of whipworm in the Northern Territory: are we winning the battle against soil-transmitted helminths?. *Med J Aust* 2014; 200: 286-289. doi: 10.5694/mja13.00141.

Appendix 1. Annual laboratory diagnosed *T.trichiura* infection in Indigenous population, cases and prevalence \* by age group, Northern Territory, 2002-2012

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Age <17											
Cases	41	32	27	22	13	22	21	13	26	20	10
Population†	24 203	24 595	24 849	24 925	25 064	26 058	26 516	26 976	27 440	27 902	na
Prevalence	169.4	130.1	108.7	88.3	51.9	84.4	79.2	48.2	94.8	71.7	na
Age≥17											
Cases	32	20	24	17	7	14	9	10	11	5	11
Population	35 122	35 999	36 903	37 923	38 941	39 086	39 774	40 465	41 159	41 854	na
Prevalence	91.1	55.6	65.0	44.8	18.0	35.8	22.6	24.7	26.7	11.9	na
All patients											
Cases	76	55	51	39	21	37	30	23	37	25	23
Population†	59 325	60 594	61 752	62 848	64 005	65 144	66 290	67 441	68 599	69 756	na
Prevalence	123.1	85.8	82.6	62.1	31.2	55.3	45.3	34.1	53.9	35.8	na
95% CI	(94.8-151.3)	(62.5-109.1)	(59.9-105.3)	(42.6-81.5)	(17.6-44.9)	(37.2-73.3)	(29.1-61.5)	(20.2-48.0)	(36.6-71.3)	(21.8-49.9)	

<sup>\*</sup>Prevalence per 100,000 Indigenous population.† 2002-2006 data and 2006-2012 total population sourced from Australian Bureau of Statistics population data. Population aged <17 for period 2007-2012 estimated by multiplying total population by average percentage population <17 years in period 2002-2006. Population aged ≥ 17 years for period 2007-2012 calculated as difference between total population and population <17 years. na= data not available.